A NEW STEREOSPECIFIC SYNTHESIS OF SEX PHEROMONES OF INSECTS OF THE (Z)-ALKENYL-1-ACETATE SERIES BASED ON SELECTIVE OZONOLYSIS OF 1-METHYL-1Z,5Z-CYCLOOCTADIENE

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Partial ozonolysis of 1-methyl-12,5Z-cyclooctadiene gives 8-oxo-4Z-nonene1-al, which is converted to Lepidoptera pheromones after subsequent transformations.

Synthesis of Lepidoptera pheromones of the (Z)-alkenyl-1-acetate series normally involves a route using acetylene. We have developed a new approach to the synthesis of sex pheromones of this class based on selective ozonolysis of 1-methyl-1Z,5Z-cyclooctadiene (1).

It has been established that in partial ozonolysis of 1 the trisubstituted double bond is selectively cleaved by ozone, and the resulting aldehyde contains a disubstituted double bond exclusively of (Z)-configuration. This fact has been used to construct the hydrocarbon skeleton of the title compound.

Scheme 1

9-11

$$\frac{1 \cdot \theta_{3}}{2 \cdot H_{2} | Pd - C\alpha C\theta_{3} - PB\theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{1 \cdot H_{3} | Pd - C\alpha C\theta_{3} - PB\theta}{2 \cdot H_{2} | Pd - C\alpha C\theta_{3} - PB\theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{1 \cdot H_{3}}{2 \cdot H_{2} | Pd - C\alpha C\theta_{3} - PB\theta}$$

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$$\frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{1 \cdot H_{3}}{2 \cdot H_{3} | Pd - C\alpha C\theta_{3} - PB\theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{1 \cdot H_{3}}{2 \cdot H_{3} | Pd - C\alpha C\theta_{3} - PB\theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \qquad$$

5

 $n=3(\underline{6},\underline{9}), 5(\underline{7},\underline{10}), 7(\underline{8},\underline{11}).$

For selective ozonolysis of 1, use is made of 0.9 mol equiv. of 03 in cyclohexane at 5°C in the presence of 1 mol equiv. of MeOH, followed by selective hydrogenation of the ozonide over Lindlar catalyst at 20°C. This gives 8-oxo-42-nonene-1-al (2)³ in 85% yield, b.p. 74°C/1 mm. Selective reduction of 2 by treatment with a suspension of KBH(OAc)³ in benzene (2 mol equiv. KBH4, 7 mol equiv. AcOH) yields 60% of 9-hydroxy-52-nonene-2-one (3).³ The keto group is transformed to a methylene group by treatment of the tosylhydrazone 3 with NaBH3CN;⁵ the yield of 4Z-nonene-1-ol (4)³ is 60%. Bromination of 4 (1.33 mol equiv. PBr3 in dry benzene, 100°C, 1 h and then 80°C, 2 h) gives the key synthon 1-bromo-4Z-nonene (5)³ in 85% yield after purification by chromatography (Al203, pentane). Reaction of the Grignard reagent obtained from 5 with 1-acetoxy-3-bromopropane (6).6 1-acetoxy-5-bromopentane (7)² and 1-acetoxy-7-bromoheptane (8) gives 1-acetoxy-7Z-dodecene (2), 1-acetoxy-9Z-tetradecene (10) and 1-acetoxy-11Z-hexadecene (11), the sex pheromones Trichoplusia ni, 1 Spodoptera frugiperda and Scotogramma trifoli.8

The acetate 8 required for synthesis of the pheromone 11 is obtained from (2)-cyclooctene (12) as outlined in Scheme 2.

Scheme 2

$$\frac{550^{\circ}}{12} \qquad \frac{1.(i-Bu)_{2}A\ell H}{2.O_{2}} \qquad \frac{\rho_{B7_{3}}}{14}$$

$$\frac{12}{2.O_{2}} \qquad \frac{14}{2.O_{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \qquad \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \qquad 8,16 \qquad R = COCH_{3}(8), H(16)$$

Pyrolysis of 12 by the method described in Ref. gives 1,7-octadiene (13) in 95% yield at 35% conversion. Selective hydroalumination of 13 (0.34 mol equiv. (i-Bu)₃Al in n-heptane at 100°C for 5 h) and subsequent oxidation of the organoaluminium compound (after dilution with Et₂O) with air (25°C, 3 h) then with O₂ (25°C, 2 h) gives, after hydrolysis of the reaction mixture with 10% HCl, 80% of 7-octene-1-ol (14). Bromination of 14 (1.33 mol equiv. PBr₃ in dry benzene at 10°C for 1 h, then 80°C, 2 h) gives 8-bromooctene-1 (15)³ in 85% yield after chromatography (Al₂O₃, pentane). Ozonolysis of 15 (MeOH, -70°C) followed by reduction of ozonide with NaBH₄ in MeOH yields 95% of 7-bromoheptane-1-ol, which is converted to 8 on treatment with Ac₂O-Py (2:3).³

A solution of the Grignard reagent obtained from $\underline{5}$ in THF is slowly added to 1 M equiv. of $\underline{8}$ and $\text{Li}_2\text{CuCl}_4^{10}$ (50 ml of 0.1 M solution of Li_2CuCl_4 in THF to 1 mol of $\underline{8}$) in THF at 10 to 15°C to give 85% of the pheromone $\underline{11}$ after purification by chromatography (Al_2O_3 , pentane). Similarly, coupling of $\underline{5}$ with $\underline{6}$ and $\underline{7}$ gives the pheromones $\underline{9}^3$ and $\underline{10}^3$ respectively.

Thus, the above five-stage synthesis gives sex pheromones of the (2)-alkenyl-acetate series in an overall yield of 20% based on the starting cyclic codimer of isoprene and 1,3-butadiene.

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